[THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1767.] THE [NUMB. 1261]

NEW-YORK JOURNAL, OR GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Containing the freshest ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTICK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE EXCHANGE.—[Oct. 16, 1766. For Six Years last past, Publisher of the *New-York Thursday's Gazette*, or *Weekly Post-Boy*.]

ASSIZE of BREAD, published January 7, 1767.

Flour at 19/3 per Ct.

A White Loaf of the finest Flour, to weigh 1 lb. 10 oz. for 4 Coppers.——Ditto, of Dit. to weigh 12½ oz. for 2 Coppers.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thursday next.

High-Water.	H.	M.	*rises* H	M.	*sets* H.	
THURSDAY	1	2	after 6	22	before 6	
FRIDAY	1	50	6	20	6	
SATURDAY	2	38	6	19	6	
SUNDAY	3	26	6	18	6	
MONDAY	4	14	6	17	6	
TUESDAY	5	2	6	15	6	
WEDNESDAY	5	50	6	14	6	☽'s first q. next Saturday at 4 in the Morning.

Days 11 h. 16 m. long, the 5th.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Bushel	6s. 6d.	Beef per Barrel	45s. 0d.
Flour——	19s. 0d.	Pork	70s. 0d.
Brown Bread	17s. 7d.	Salt	3s. 0d.
West-India Rum	3s. 4d.	Bohea Tea	5s. 6d.
New-England ditto	2s. 7d.	Chocol. per doz.	£.1 1s. 0d.
Muscovado Sugar	50s.	Bees Wax	1s. 6d.
Single refin'd ditto	1s. 2d.	Nut Wood ☞	35s. 0d.
Molasses	2s. 1d.	Oak ditto ☞	24s. 0d

To the PUBLIC, New-York, Oct. 16, 1766.

IT is now upwards of six Years that I have publish'd a weekly News Paper, under the Title of *the New-York Gazette* or *Weekly Post-Boy*, which I have the Pleasure to think has been generally acceptable, and publicly useful: But having now Occasion to alter the Title of my Paper, I hope for the same favourable Reception of the NEW-YORK JOURNAL or GENERAL ADVERTISER, that my Paper met with under the former Title; since it will be conducted with the same Spirit, and to the same Ends,—the Suppression of Evil, and the Promotion of public and private Happiness. The Reasons of altering my Title are these, 1st, for the Sake of Distinction, as I am inform'd Mr. PARKER intends to publish a Paper under the former Title; and 2d, because, as he formerly publish'd a Paper under that Title, I would not avail myself of any Advantages from a *Name* originally assumed by him. The Number, for the Sake of more easily settling with my Customers, will run regularly on from my last Week's Paper. Perhaps, when Opportunity permits, I shall procure a Cut for the Head of my Paper, till which Time, it will be published in its present Form. JOHN HOLT.

Receiver General's Office, in Wall-Street.

WHEREAS the following grants or patents for land within this colony, are in arrear three years and more, and in the respective sums herein after mentioned, for quit rents due to his Majesty for the same respectively; to the last day of payment, for the same grants respectively, preceding this notice, so far as the same does appear, from the accounts of his Majesty's quit rents in the custody of his Majesty's receiver general; that is to say,

One certain tract of land in Westchester county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Robert Walters, John Cholwell, Leigh Atwood, Cornelius De Peyster, Richard Slater, Barne Cozens, Lancaster Symes, Matthew Clarkson, Robert Lurting, Peter Matthews, and Caleb Heathcote; and bears date the second day of March, in the year 1701, and the sum due thereby, so far as appears aforesaid, to the 25th day of December last, or the feast of the nativity of our Saviour, being the last day of payment, preceding this public notice, is in New-York currency, £. 478 - 16 - 1

One other certain tract of land in Orange county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Dr. John Bridges, Hendrick Tenicke, Dirick Venderburgh, John Cholwell, Christopher Denne, Lancaster Symes, Daniel Honan, Philip Rokeby, John Merritt, Benjamin Aske, Peter Matthews, and Cornelius Christvanse; and bears date the 29th day of April, in the year 1703, and the sum due thereby, as far as appears as aforesaid, to the 24th day of June last, or the feast of St. John the Baptist, being the last day of payment, preceding this public notice, is in like money, £. 97 - 6 - 8

One other certain tract of land in Orange and Ulster counties, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Matthew Ling, Ebenezer Wilson, Philip French, Dirick Vanderburgh, Stephen Delancey, Philip Rokeby, John Corbett, Daniel Honan, Caleb Cooper, William Sharpas, John Bridges, Robert Millwards, Thomas Wenham, Edmond Mott, Lancaster Symes, John Person, Benjamin Aske, Petrus Bayard, John Cholwell, Peter Fauconier, Henry Swift, Hendrick Tenicke, and Jarvis Marshall; and bears date the 28th day of August in the year 1704, and the sum due thereby, as far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the feast of the annunciation called Lady-Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, is in like money, — — — £. 523 - 8 - 2

One other certain tract of land in Dutchess county, the grant or patent whereof, was originally made to Sampson Broughton, Rip Van Dam, Thomas Wenham, Roger Mompesson, Peter Fauconier, Augustine Graham, Richard Sacket, and Robert Lurting; and bears date the 10th day of April, in the year 1706 and the sum due thereby, as far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the feast of the annunciation, called Lady-Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, is in like money, £. 148 - 2 - 8

One other certain tract of land, in Ulster county, the grant or patent whereof, was originally made to Andries Volk and Jacob Webber; and bears date the 18th of December, in the year 1719, and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the feast of the annunciation called Lady-Day, being the last day of payment, preceding this public notice, being £. 60 - 15 - 4

One other certain tract of land in Ulster County, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Francis Harrison, Oliver Schuyler, and Allene Jarratt; and bears date the 7th day of July in the year 1720, and the sum due thereby, as far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the feast of the annunciation called Lady-Day, being the last day of payment, preceding this public notice, being, — — — £. 189 - 3 - 4

One other certain tract of land in Ulster County, the grant or patent whereof, was originally made to Philip Schuyler, Johannis Lansing, jun. Henry Wileman, and Jacobus Bruyn; and bears date the 7th day of July in the year 1720, and the sum due thereby, as far as appears as aforesaid, to the 29th day of September last, or the feast of St. Michael the Archangel, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being, — — £. 284 - 18 - 4

One other certain tract of land in Ulster county, the grant or patent whereof, was originally made to Mary Ingoldsby, and Mary Pinhorne; and bears date the 11th day of August, in the year 1720, and the sum thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the feast of the annunciation called Lady-Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being, £. 216 - 13 - 8

One other certain tract of land in Ulster county the grant or patent whereof, was originally made to Jacobus Bruyn, and Henry Wileman; and bears date the 7th day of April, in the year 1722, and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the feast of the annunciation, called Lady-Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being. £. 100 - 7 - 6

One other certain tract of land in Orange county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Joseph Sackett, and Nathaniel Hazard; and bears date the 11th day of January, in the year 1727, and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the feast of the annunciation, called Lady-Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 125.

One other certain tract of land in Ulster county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Thomas Naxon; and bears date the 21st day of December, in the year 1727, and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the feast of the annunciation, called Lady-Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being — £. 48 - 2 - 11

One other certain tract of land in Orange county, the grant or patent whereof was originally made to Gabriel Ludlow, and William Ludlow; and bears date the 18th day of October, in the year 1731, and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the feast of the annunciation, called Lady-Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being— — — — £. 107 - 12 - 1

One other certain tract of land in Orange county, the grant or patent thereof, was originally made to Nathaniel Hazard, jun. and bears date the 12th day of August, in the year 1736, and the sum due thereby, so far as appears as aforesaid, to the 25th day of March last, or the feast of the annunciation, called Lady-Day, being the last day of payment preceding this public notice, being £. 61 - 11 - 3

This is therefore to give public notice, that if the owners or proprietors of the above mentioned lands respectively, do not, within twelve months after the date of this public notice, respectively pay the arrears of Quit-Rent due to his Majesty for the said lands, respectively as aforesaid, with the charge of this notice or notices being given to the said Receiver General, that so much of the said lands respectively, will be sold at public vendue, or outcry, as will pay the same respectively, with the charges of this notice and such sale, pursuant to the act of the Lieutenant Governor, the Council, and General Assembly, in such cases made and provided.

GIVEN under my Hand, this Twelfth Day of December, in the Year of our Lord 1766.

ANDREW ELLIOT, his Majesty's R. General.

The printer is desired to continue this advertisement three months, when another list of patents in arrears for quit-rents will be published, unless the proprietors prevent it, by speedy payments. 50—

CONSTANTINOPLE, *Nov.* 3.

ON Sunday the 26th past, the Great Officers of State went in a Body to the Seraglio to wait upon the Grand Seignor's Son, clothed him in a particular Pellice, and conducted him to a Kiosk, where the Grand Seignor received him. He kissed his Father's Hand; and his Masters, who are to have the Education of him, were presented at the same Time to the Grand Seignor, and appointed to take him under their Care for his Education.

Naples, Nov. 4. It is reported, that the Marquis de Squilace is going to return to Spain; but the most sensible people do not believe it.

Nov. 11. The report still prevails, that the Marquis de Squilace is going to return to Spain; his Catholick Majesty being, it is said, convinced of the falsity of the accusations laid against that Nobleman by his enemies, whom his Majesty is therefore determined to punish according to their deserts, and to reinstate the above Minister in his former dignites.

Nov. 15. The day before yesterday Lord Holland, and several other English persons of distinction, arrived here from Marseilles on board the Æolus frigate of 32 guns.

Ratisbon, Nov. 17. They write from Vienna, that Orders have been given to make all the Regiments of the Imperial Troops complete by the beginning of May next; and that the States of the Hereditary Countries have engaged to furnish 14,000, Recruits before that Time.

LONDON,

INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

WE hear that certain doctrines, not long since broached, with regard to the law of Parliament not being bound by the law of Westminster-Hall, have lately received a proper discountenance in another place, where the friends to this happy institution seem to be unanimous.

An account of an unknown Lady, from the Annals *of* George I. *(Year the Sixth)*

ON Wednesday the 9th of March, 1719, died at her lodgings in St. James's, a lady of whom the following account was published. In her trunk was found a memorandum, "that she had left with her woman a letter directed to John Ward, of Hackney, Esq. The letter encloses some papers relating to her affairs; and in case of her death, it is by the superscription directed to be opened in her maid's presence."

The lady sent to Mr. Ward, some hours before her death; but he had no other satisfaction from her, but that her woman would deliver him a letter, if she died: But as the lady never had any servant with her, nor any person being ever seen at her lodgings, Mr. Ward desired, that the person who had such letter, would signify the same to him. She has said her maid had lived with her, from eleven years of age, and was a just and faithful servant; and near two years ago, she had sent for her to an house in Westminster, and gave her a curiosity she had, to be preserved in spirits.

Some short time ago, it is said, this lady carried out of her lodgings a small box, the key whereof is now in Mr. Ward's possession, with several very rich and valuable jewels, &c. and after she had lodged these with some friend, she declared she was then easy in her mind, and not afraid of being robbed: But nevertheless going out of town, for two or three days, she ordered the maid to be careful of her trunks. The night she returned she fell sick, and died a few days after.

She was heard to say, she had been lately at a masquerade, where she had an opportunity of much conversation with a very great man. She lately visited some friends, and appeared in black velvet; and said she was enquired after by some there present, who were not personally acquainted with her. She said, that in the latter end of Queen Anne's reign, she frequently visited the court; but since her Majesty died, she had been in obscure lodgings

without a servant, and a few days before her death declared, that when once her private affairs were settled, under the conduct of her counsel in the Temple, (which was now near a conclusion) she might be said to have overcome such a scene of troubles, as no woman before her had ever gone through. It is supposed she had different lodgings.

She has said, that she was the daughter of a nobleman deceased; and that the title was extinct, by the death of her brother unmarried; that her uncle is now a nobleman of great virtue, justice, and honour, and always excused her absence, by saying she was in the country. She said, he knew the cause of her retirement. This she seldom mentioned; but when she did, it was with great modesty, and without any apparent view of gain to herself. When in private and alone, she was generally in tears; and would say, "her servants she left, lived happy to what she did."

Since her death, on enquiry at several lodgings, where she has been, and from the acquaintance Mr. Ward had with her, she may be justly entitled to the following character.

She had always plenty of money, and managed it frugally, but with great generosity. She was just, charitable, bountiful, merciful, and happy beyond conception, in expressing her own sentiments, of those virtues. Her whole conversation shewed the finest education, and that she had been in foreign courts, the languages of which, she spoke with ease and elegance; and her observations proved her superiour understanding, and acquaintance with persons of the first rank. Her person was of the middle size, with dark brown hair, as fine as silk, a rising forehead, full light grey eyes, with a peculiar sharpness in them; a round, fair, and very handsome face, with as fine a hand and arm as could possibly be seen: She had and wore at several times, (beside those mentioned before) a great variety of jewels of exquisite beauty, and immense value, which she said she had left with a friend.

This Lady came in a London hired coach and six, from Mansfield, in Nottinghamshire, in the year 1714, about the time of the late Queen's death; and was attended there several times with a coach and six, before she left the country.

Observations on a STONE *that has the property of changing Colour in certain Circumstances, as the Cameleon, called the* mineral Polypus, *by* Andrew Cnoffeus, *Secretary and Aulic Physician to the Court of* POLAND *Consul of* MARIENBURG, &c. *From the* Ephemerides *of the* Curious.

BEING at Posnania, Luc hainz, also called Zattorki, a famous lapidary, made me a present, among other curiosities of a stone which has not yet any name assigned it, and which seems to me to be a proof of the existence of a formal light in nature; but of this I have no intention to speak here at present. He had three of those stones one of which was still in its mine, and is a kind of flint we call Quarz. He gave me the smallest, of the form and bigness of a large pea, and all over of an ash colour. What I found wonderful in this stone is, that though it was opaque, and had none of its parts transparent, after it had been put in water, it did not lie there six minutes, when it began to appear brilliant about the edges, and to communicate to the water a sort of luminous shadow indeed, but of a yellow amber colour, in a short space of time; it afterwards passed from yellow to an amethyst colour to black, white, and to a cloudy colour, and as it were smoaky. This stone, in fine, perfectly opaque, out of the water, appeared in it quite brilliant, intirely transparent, and of a fine yellow amber colour. Taken out of the water, it resumed its former state of opacity, after being coloured successively, and in a retrograde order, with the same teints it had before taken in the water.

Those experiments were made at Thorn in Prussia, in presence and at the house of Mr. John Neunachbar, the most ancient Pastor of the churches of that city; where were also Dr. Segerus, Physician to the King of Poland, and Mr. Samuel Schelgvigius, Professor of Philosophy, and Vice-rector of the college of the same city, who were witnesses of this agreeable spectacle, and on whose testimony I can assure, that this stone was natural and in no wise a production of art, and that it successively made appear all the different colours I have here enumerated.

QUEBEC, January 26.

Last Monday, between the Hours of Nine and Ten in the Morning, a Person unknown administer'd a Dose of Poison to George M'Govock, the Soldier of the 28th Regiment, upon whose Testimony the Prisoners now in Custody at Montreal for the barbarous Assault committed upon Mr. Thomas Walker, in December 1764, were apprehended. He is now a Prisoner in the Goal of this Town, and gives the following Account of this wicked Attempt: As he was standing near the Window on the lower Floor of the Prison on one Side of the Door thereof, a Man, who stood under the Window, and who had placed himself there unperceived by M'Govock, called to him in a familiar Manner, and asked him how he did, he was afraid he must be very cold and miserable in this hard Season of the Year. M'Govock could not see his Face well, as he stood close under the Wall, neither did he recollect having ever heard his Voice: So he asked him who he was? And in Answer to his Question, he said that he was indeed very cold and miserable in that Place, and wished very much to be out of it. The other replied, that he was an old Acquaintance of his, and that they had drank many a Dram together, and added that he had brought one now with him to comfort him in his present uneasy Situation, which he hoped he would not refuse: M'Govock thanked him, and said he should be glad to accept of it, whereupon the other handed up to him a small Vial of Rum, as he called it, containing about a Gill, through a broken Window-Pane; M'Govock took it and drank it off, and returned the Vial to the Giver, who thereupon immediately turned his Back, without saying a Word more, and walked away. As he went away M'Govock had an Opportunity of observing his Person behind, and says he seemed to be a Man of about 5 Feet 7, or 5 Feet 8 Inches high, with black Hair, dressed in a Queue, and had a brown Snuff-coloured Coat on, and upon the whole seemed to be very decently dressed. Two Hours after he had taken this Dram, he found himself strangely disordered, with several unusual and convulsive Feelings, and particularly with a most racking Pain in his Stomach: This increased continually till it became absolutely intolerable; and at the same Time his Belly swelled to an enormous Size, and was as hard as Marble: Upon which Mr. Mark Young, a Surgeon in the Neighbourhood, was sent for, who immediately declared that he had been poisoned; he accordingly gave him a Vomit, which fortunately came Time enough to give him some Relief, and, it is hoped, will be the Means of saving his Life. He brought up a great Quantity of Matter, in which, from its Colour and general Appearance, Mr. Younge was convinced that there was Poison. M'Govock says that the Sentinel upon Guard at the Prison Door, at the Time he took the Draught, was one of the Royal Americans, and adds, that, from his daily Observation of the Diligence of that Regiment, in preventing any Persons from speaking to the Prisoners, or giving them any Thing through the Windows, he is persuaded the Sentinel there on Duty did not observe the Man that spoke to him, but that possibly he might be gone, for the very short Space of Time necessary for this Purpose (which did not require above three Minutes) to the other Side of the Prison. The three Sentinels who were upon Guard there, from the Hours of Six, Eight and Ten, to the Hours of Eight, Ten and Twelve, have been examined, but declare that they saw no Person whatsoever speak to any of the Prisoners through the Windows, nor any Person within Sight of the Prison, answering the above Description. It is hoped no Person will be so unjust to the Public, as to omit any Means in their Power to discover the Villain that has been guilty of this infamous Attempt.

[Want of Room obliges us to leave out a long Letter of Remarks upon the foregoing Account, tending to make it improbable.]

PHILADELPHIA, February 26.

Extract a Letter from London, November 25, 1766.

"*In an august assembly, the opposition (that is, those who are out of place) headed by G. G---v--le, found much fault with the great stretch of the royal prerogative, in putting a stop to the exportation of corn, contrary to several express acts of parliament, without calling the parliament together, which they insisted upon might easily be done, at any time, upon a fortnight's notice, instead of which, at the very period when the scarcity of corn appeared to be certain and inevitable, it was prorogued (September 10) for an unusual length of time, 61 days, instead of 40, the common period of prorogations; that if they suffered this to pass unnoticed, future ministers would be tempted to venture on like exertions of the prerogative, on occasions dangerous to the liberty of the subjects, &c. &c. I have not indeed patience, even to repeat all the nonsense that was thrown out by G—, who spoke evidently from a spirit of faction and resentment, and who sets out this session, precisely as he did the last, in a virulent opposition to all the operations of ministry, without reason, sense, or argument. Were I his master, no motive whatever should induce me to take him into my service again, be his abilities (and they are but second rate) what they will.—He was answered very pertinently by S—C——y, on behalf of the ministry, that this exertion of the prerogative, was made for the most salutary and necessary purposes, no less than to prevent a general scarcity; that he owned he was one that advised it; that he knew when he did so, he became answerable to parliament for such advice; that he submitted it to them, whether this was a proper exertion of prerogative, or whether it tended, in the remotest degree, to infringe the liberty of the subject; that the honourable gentleman who spoke last (Mr. G—v—le) must have certainly received some new lights of late, who had himself last year strenuously argued in behalf of general warrants, an exertion of prerogative which most nearly affected the liberty of the subject, and which could not be vindicated by the plea of necessity, as in the present case; that calling the parliament together in the summer season, when many members were very variously and widely dispersed, would, he apprehended, have given too great an alarm to the nation; that there was no necessity of it; and that as to calling them together at any time, at so short a notice as 12 or 14 days, he appealed to the house, whether this would not be a most dangerous precedent, as a minister, by that means, would be able to surprise the house into any pernicious scheme he might be disposed to carry.—He concluded with saying, that the conduct of these gentlemen was uniform enough; for when in place, they wanted to deprive the people of their liberty (referring to general warrants) and now they wanted to deprive them of their food.—Mr. G—v—le then proposed (in my opinion most absurdly) that for the present relief of the poor, they should address his Majesty to administer to their necessities in such manner, as to his royal wisdom should seem meet; assuring him, that they would make good the same out of the first aids granted by parliament.—To this it was objected, that it was impossible to distribute such relief, in a proper manner; that if it were possible, it would be highly improper, as it would seem to allow, there were no means left to relieve them but by a distribution of the publick money, which at best would be very insufficient, and would appear, as if they bribed them to be quiet; that the evil ought to be probed to the bottom, and the real causes of our present situation ought to be explored, and such remedies applied as were more adequate to the necessities of the poor, than any temporary relief could be.—To this G—v—le replied, that he having endeavoured to make our colonies in America contribute to the support of government, they had bribed them to be quiet, by a total repeal of that law; and that it was very strange, they would not do that for the relief of their poor at home, which they did for the Americans, who were well able to bear the tax. —G—v—le, as he well deserved, was totally deserted; for he was but poorly seconded.—You see this is only another wicked effort to, embarrass our councils, and to divert the parliament from the necessary business of the nation.—For my own part, I wish well to the state in general, whoever has the management of our affairs, and therefore I want to see a permanent, able and honest ministry, unmolested with faction, in good earnest set about a thorough enquiry into the real causes of our present distresses and discontents; and every man who attempts to divert the ministry for the time being from doing this, I consider as an enemy to his country.—I should have told you, by the bye, that S——y C——y behaved both with modesty and spirit.—In answer to a charge of Ignorance, that had been thrown out by G—v—le, in the debate about the proclamation for preventing the exportation of corn; he said he pretended not to be very expert in the duties of his office, but that as he acted with the purest intention for the good of his sovereign, and his country, and was conscious of the integrity of his heart, for this reason he thought, he, in some measure, deserved the place he held, tho' he was ready, with cheerfulness, to resign it, whenever his majesty thought proper to fill it with one of greater abilities.—In the other house, lord T—p—e, I am told, acted much the same part with Mr. G—v—le, and with the same success.*

"*Upon the whole, I think it may be fairly concluded, that as the opposition have at present so very little to find fault with; as the nation, in general, are quite tired with opposition to men only, without regarding measures; as the state of the nation requires immediate attention; and as the parliament is drawing near its conclusion, the present members will be induced to recommend themselves to their electors, by exerting themselves this session, in doing something for the people.*

"*One important piece of business will certainly come before them soon, that is, the affairs of the East India company, as it is certainly necessary for the permanent security of our great acquisitions and conquest in that part of the world, that they should be taken more immediately under the protection of the government, and therefore I do not think the company have any thing to apprehend from this enquiry, that can be detrimental to their interest.*"

NEW-YORK, March 5.

☞ We have designedly omitted two Accounts which appear'd in the other Papers relating to a late Inquest. As these Accounts contradict each other, we choose to wait for better Information.

We must defer an Account of the Disputes between the Governors of the Massachusets-Bay, and Pensylvania, with their respective Assemblies, and other Matters. Thursday Morning, 9 o'Clock, neither the Eastern nor Western Posts yet come in.

☞ Mr. LEONARD's Concert is postponed for some Days: The Tickets he has sold will be taken at his Benefit which will be advertised in due Time.

A YOUNG NEGRO WENCH,

ABOUT Twenty Years of Age, used to House-Work, with her Son about a Year old, who have both had the Small-Pox, to be sold, for no Fault. Inquire of the Printer at the Exchange.

To be sold at public Vendue on the premises, on Wednesday the 25th inst. *March*:

THE farm and mill, late the property of Garrit Van Bomel, at Niack, in Orange-County, pleasantly situated on the North-river, containing 70 acres, the greater part good meadow ground, and some wood land, a new well built stone dwelling house, four rooms on a floor, and a good kitchen adjoining; a good barn and an orchard, a large mill house in good repair, with a pair of stones: The conditions will be made known at the time of sale, and an indisputable title given for the same by *THOMAS WALTON.*

To be LET, from the First Day of MAY, 1767,

THE House near the Bowling-Green, in the Broad-Way, late the Property of Matthew Morris, and wherein Sir Edward Pickering lately lived; 'tis a very convenient House and pleasantly situated for a private Gentleman, or a small Family: For farther Particulars Inquire of Henry White, living near the Premises. 61 65

William Elphinston,

TEACHES Persons of both Sexes, from 12 Years of Age and upwards, to write a good legible Hand in six Weeks, at one Hour per Day, at home or abroad; or in three weeks, if they attend twice a Day.—— Specimens of Person's Writing in the above Spaces of Time, are to be seen at his House in the Broad-Way, opposite to the Lane that leads to the Free-School. 61

PERRY, HAYS, & SHERBROOKE,

HAVE FOR SALE,

BRITISH SAIL CLOTH, from No. 1, to 8, MADEIRA WINE, WEST-INDIA RUM, MUSCOVADO SUGAR, refin'd BAR IRON, CRATES of STONE and YELLOW WARE, HOGSHEADS of DELPH BOWLS; with an Assortment of DRY GOODS, and IRONMONGERY. 61-70

TO BE SOLD, by the SUBSRCIBER,

A Good Plantation containing 350 Acres of Land, situate in Perquanock, in Morris County, East New-Jersey, by Rockaway-River, on a public Road, about 4 Miles below Hibernia Furnace; (where there is a good Market for all Country Produce) well situated for a Tavern, and Store, with about 100 Acres of Plough Land cleared, and more may be cleared, with a good Log-House, Stone and Lime Stone provided for a Stone House, a fram'd Barn and Barracks, a Tan-Yard; and also a young bearing Orchard, and about Twenty-five Acres of cleared Meadow, which affords between 45 and 50 Loads of Hay in a Year, and as much more may be made, all in good Fence, the whole well timbered and watered: Any Person inclining to Buy, may apply to the Subscriber on the Premises.

ADAM MILLER.

N. B. There is also, about Twenty-five Acres of Wheat and Rye in the Ground, may be purchased with the Premises; and also a sufficient Quantity of Shingles and Boards to build a House, and also Twelve Head of Cattle. 61 64

HENRY WILMOT,

Has imported in the last vessels from London, and Bristol, and will sell very cheap, at the late Mr. Joseph Hayne's store, in the street between the French and New Dutch Churches:

RIBBONS of all sorts, plain and flowered gauzes, black and brown peelong sattins; figured sarsanets, sewing silks of all colours, Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats; blond laces of all sorts, and other new fashion'd trimmings; men's and women's gloves, superfine chip hats and bonnets, both plain, trimed, and for covering, variety of new fashioned caps, Italian head-dresses, plumes and breast flowers; very neat ivory and common fans, paste set and japaned hair pins; elegant paste and double gilt shoe and knee buckles; paste and mock garnet necklaces and ear-rings, with a variety of other jewellery and some cutlary: black, white, & other coloured plain and ribb'd silk and worsted stockings, worsted and silk gloves and mits; a few pieces of rich ornamental china, which will be sold very cheap; cut, flowered and plain wine glasses and decanters; very neat gold laces, bindings, cord and chain loopings; gold thread, and gold and silver knee garters; Saxon green and red naps, brown, blue and scarlet new fashioned bath coating, blue and scarlet German serges, striped, spoted and coloured flannels; broad black callimancoes, quality and shoe binding: writing paper of different sorts, Wares best Scotch snuff in bladders; pins, needles, and combs of all sorts; neat dressing, and cheap looking-glasses; court plaster, shaving powder and wash balls, powdering and shaving boxes; a fresh assortment of the best bleached, stained and prepared hairs, with all sorts of wig-makers trimmings: womens and maids callimanco shoes, childrens red Morocco pumps; raven duck and best Russia bed ticks, bend leather, soals and London drawn boot legs and vamps.——Also, the very best Durham flour of mustard-seed, in pound, half pound and quarter pound bottles; with many other articles. 61 64

TO BE SOLD,

At public vendue, at the house of Johannes Dedrix, Tavern-keeper, in the town-ship of Bergen, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the 21st day of April next,

TWO lots of 22 arces each; situate in the said town-ship; the one exceeding good wood-land, within one mile of Weehock landing, the other fine meadow ground, and joining Capt. Brown's ferry, on Hackinsack creek. Any person inclining to purchase the same, at private sale, before the 21st. of April, may apply to John Debow, in Stone-street, New-York, who will agree on reasonable terms, and give an indisputable title. 61-64. JOHN DEBOW.

IT is hoped that the Gentlemen who were pleased to sign the Recommendation to the following Petition, and which was therewith presented to the last General Assembly of this Province, will excuse the Publication of their Names, as we have no other Means to clear ourselves of a scandalous Accusation, which we are informed by Benjamin Fowler, Esq; is brought against us by Col. Frederick Philips, of having the Names of three Gentlemen who never subscribed to the said Recommendation, Viz. Doct. Robert Graham, Mr. Stephen Ward, and the said Benjamin Fowler, Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, inserted in the List of Subscribers to the same, which, if so, must have been forged while in our Custody.

As the Inhabitants of this Colony in general, and many others, have received great Benefit by the Erection of the Free-Bridge, which we undertook at first with as great a Regard to the public Good as our own private Advantage, and as we have hitherto, not only received no Reward for this Service, but have done it at the expence of a very large Sum of our own Property, which we have lain out of many Years, it cannot but be thought extremely hard that it should also bring upon our Characters so cruel and injurious an Aspersion——and we hope that high Regard which every honest Man ought to have for his Character, will sufficiently justify us for taking this Method to clear ours, from so scandalous an Imputation.

JACOB DEYCKMAN, Junr.
JOHN VERMILIE.

To the Honourable the GENERAL ASSEMBLY, for the Province of New-York.

The PETITION of JACOB DYCKMAN, BENJAMIN PALMER, and JOHN VERMILIE; HUMBLY SHEWETH,

THAT your Petitioners have with great Pains and Labour, erected a Bridge over Harlem River, a little to the Southward of a Place called and known by the Name of *King's-Bridge*, and that the said Bridge has been, and is now of great Benefit and Utility to the Public; and that for want of proper Support and Assistance, it is likely soon to come to Decay, and the Public again reduced to the Necessity of paying to the Toll-Bridge as formerly: And also that your Petitioners having expended upwards of One Thousand Pounds, in erecting and repairing the same, have received no more than Two Hundred and Eighty Pounds for that Purpose; so that your Petitioners are in Arrearage upwards of Seven Hundred Pounds, as will appear by the Accompts now in the Possession of the House, attested before the Mayor of the City of New-York: Therefore your Petitioners humbly Pray, that the Honourable House would take the Matter of their Petition in Consideration, and grant them such Relief in the Premises, as they in their great Wisdom shall think fit, and your Petitioners shall ever pray, &c.

The above Petition was presented to the General Assembly with a Recommendation, signifying the Truth of the Facts therein mentioned, the great public Benefit of the said Bridge, the Reasonableness of the Petition, &c. and praying that the Petitioners should be allowed such Compensation, Relief and Assistance, as the General Assembly in their Wisdom should think proper. This Recommendation, was subscribed by the following Inhabitants and Gentlemen, and no others, viz.

The underwritten are the Gentlemen's Names of New-York.

James Delancey	Richard Van Dyck	Philip Brasher
Thomas Jones	Jasper Drake	John Stitite
John V. D. Speigel	Joseph Jadwin	Peter Vandervoort
Henry Cruger	John Ray	Petrus Byvanck
Sidney Breese	Peter Clopper	James Bown, junr.
Peter Remsen	Joseph Scott	James Sutton
Elias Desbrosses	William Kirby	Abraham Sebring
Robert Murray	Cors. Wortendick	William Depeyster
Paul Scanck	Thomas Tucker	Isaac Rosevelt
Jacob Walton	Garret Rapalje	John Depeyster
Peter V. B. Livingston	Henry Franklin	Benjamin Stout
James M'Evers	Abel Hardinbrook	Gerard Depeyster
Andrew M'Myer	Samuel Johnson	James Van Horne
Ger. Wm. Beekman	Abrm. Van Vleck	Christ. Roosevelt
Ger. Duyckinck	Nicholas Bogert	Jesse Hunt
Theos. Van Wyck	P. T. Curtenius.	Alexander Whyte
Garrit Abeel	John Child	Joseph Drake
James Abeel	Caspar Wistar	Comfort Sands
Uriah Hendricks	James Gordon	Joshua Hutchings
Abraham Cock	Amos Dodge	James Bennit
Wm. Bancker	Thomas Williams	John Moore
Joseph Dewight	Benjamin Burling	Jacob Townsend
Joseph Robinson	Patt Mackniff	Samuel Underhill
James Dalzel	Hugh Ryder	Jonas Platt
John Stout	William Nicoll	Silvanus Dillingham
Caleb Hyatt	Benjamin Underhill	Anthony Shoemaker
Isaac Sears	Amos Underhill	Joshua Bloomer
Isaac Corsa	Jacob Watson	James Franklin
Joseph Bull	Samuel Franklin	John Dunscomb
Wm. Hardenbrook	Thomas Franklin	
John Franklin	James Green	

The underwritten are the Gentlemen's Names of West-Chester County.

Lewis Morris	Thomas Butler	Jacobus Bleecker
James Graham	John Fowler	Philip Pell
Cornelius Willit	Barnard Rynlander	Thomas Pinkney
John Ferguson	Isaac Guyon	Abraham Guion
Robert Hunt junr.	George Cornwell jun	Daniel Barker
John Legget	Abraham Legget	William Griffin
Isaac Legget	John Townsend	Edward Merrit
Gabriel Legget	James Horton	Joseph Purdy
John Hedger	Benjamin Griffin	Joseph Hains
John Emary	Jonathan Purdy	Gerard Bloomer
David Hunt	Benjamin Palmer	Benjamin Brown
Aaron Hunt	Gilbert Budd	Abraham Canfield
Isaac Willit.	Lewis Maruen	Ebenezer Kniffin
Stephen Hunt	Thomas Forman	Joseph Theall
Elvin Hunt	Daniel Miller	Daniel Thang
Isaac Wilkins junr.	Isaac Anderson	Timothy Witmore
John Oakley	John Doughty	Joshua Purdy
Nath. Underhill	Ebenezer Haviland	William Sutton
William Betts	Jonathan Brown	Ephraim Avery
John Ferris	David Brown	Samuel Tredwell
Edward Stevenson	Jonath. Brown jun	Isaiah Maynard
Aaron Quinby	Jonathan Wright	Christr. Eisenhart
Israel Honeywell	James Haviland	Benjamin Ferris
Theophilus Bartow	Jeremiah Fowler	Moses Owen
Walter Brigs	Isaac Oakley	Caleb Ferris
Charles Vincent jun.	Caleb Griffin	Ebenezer Burling
John Williams junr.	Israel Oakley	Samuel Sueden
John Williams	Gabriel Lynch	Thomas Farrington
Isaac Williams	Gilbert Ferris	Jonathan Griffin
Isaac Valentine	John Townsend	Jonathan Griffin (Tompkins
Jonathan Fowler	Moses Drake	James Verryan
Lewis Guyon	Benjamin Drake	

The underwritten are the Gentlemen's Names of Harlem:

John Nagal	John Dyckman	John Myer
Jacob Nagal	John Sickels	Pezell Fowler
William Nagal	John Sickels	Hendrick V. Bramer
William Dyckman	Arent Buffin	Garret Striker
John Oblenes	Cornelius Sickles	Jacob Dyckman
Dennis Oblenes	Peter Waldron	John Dyckman
Abraham Buffin	John Roomer	Peter Myers
Henry Oblenes	Abraham Myer	Adolphus Myer
Arent Myer	Lawrence Myers	John Bessonet
John Myer junr	Abraham Myers jun.	St. George Talbot

TO BE SOLD, VERY CHEAP;

BY JOHN M'QUEEN,

STAY-MAKER;

At the Sign of the Stays, opposite to Mr. Grove Bends, in Smith-Street:

A Fresh assortment of new fashion'd stays, children's packthread stays, from one to eight years old; children's bone stays, from one to twelve years old; women's and maids stays of different sorts and sizes; a few neat polish'd steel collers for Misses, so much worn at the boarding schools in London; also whalebone, and watered tabby, Baladine silk, white and half stiffen'd buckrams, yard wide ticking, canvas, and rouselt; white and coloured silk laces; braid, cord, galoon, shaping, white chaple blunt needles, and every article for Stay-makers; men's three and four thread black breeches patterns; men's fine plain and rib'd stockings and caps, &c.

N. B. Said *M'QUEEN*, makes all sorts of stays in the newest fashions worn in London. 61-64

RUN away the first instant, from the subscriber, a servant man, named Lodwick Abel, a German, about 24 years of age, black straight hair, about 4 feet 4 inches in height, has a large nose, speaks no English, had on when he went away and took with him, a light blue coat and waistcoat, with red lining, sheep-skin breeches, round brass buckles, a wool hat, two coarse white shirts, and mill'd stockings: whoever takes up said servant, and brings him to Mr. Robert Murray, merchant in New-York, shall have two dollars reward and reasonable charges paid,

61-64. JACOB SPEIRA, Gardiner.

For the BENEFIT, of

Mr. HULETT,

WILL be held a Concert of vocal and instrumental Musick, at Mr. BURNS's Assembly Room on Tuesday the 31st. Instant.

Tickets to be had of Mr. Hulett, at his House near the Assembly-Room. Price Six Shilling, each.

☞ To begin at Half past Six o'Clock.

TO BE SOLD,

At Publick Vendue, at the Merchant's-Coffee-House, in this City, on Friday the 20th inst.

THE term of thirty six years yet to come, and unexpired, of the lease of three several lots or parcels of land; situate at Corlear's-Hook, about one mile from this city, now in the tenure and occupation of Edward Smith, together with the improvements thereon; consisting of a dwelling house, stable, fowl-house, and other necessaries; the house contains five rooms, four of which have fire places, with a good oven in the kitchen, there is a well in the yard, thirty six feet deep and stoned up all the way, with a new pump, and has always plenty of excellent water in the driest times: The rest of the land is laid out in a spacious garden, which the present possessor has spared no pains to render both agreeable and profitable, in it there is near 300 fruit trees all in bearing order, consisting of apples, pears, plumbs, peaches, nectarines, apricots, quinces, and English cherries; all of the choicest fruit and in great variety; likewise great plenty of currants gooseberries, rasberries, and English strawberries, of all the different sorts; also eighteen beds of the best Battersea asparagus in full growth for cutting, besides many thousands of young plants fit for transplanting the ensuing season, with a nursery of several thousand young trees, many of them inoculated with the best kinds of fruit; there is also 100 hills of good hops, which may be cultivated to good account with little trouble; likewise a root cellar 22 feet by 11 stoned up all round, also a summer house and alcove: the whole is in good board fence, and is one of the pleasantest situations about the city, as it commands a view of East-River and harbour from Staten-Island almost to Hell-gate; and with a little expence might be made to command the prospect of a great extent of country quite round: It is extremely convenient for a gentleman, or other person who may want to be often in town, as the road to it is now laid out in such a manner that any carriage may go from town thither, and return again with the greatest ease in half an hour, its nearnest to the river is of great utility, as thereby manure may be procured at a much easier rate than by land, besides there is plenty of fish to be had in the season, just before the door. For further particulars enquire of JAMES DE LANCEY, Esq; in the Bowry.

New-York, 5th March, 1767. 61-64.

To be sold at Public Vendue, on Friday the Third of April next;

THREE lots of land belonging to the subscriber, living on Staten-Island, within a mile of Watson's-ferry, on the road to Amboy. The first lot contains twenty acres, eight of which are well timbered, and the remaining part arable meadow and pasture land; there are several improvements on the said lot, viz. a framed house, an out-kitchen, and other convenient buildings; also, a neat paled garden, an exceeding fine new barn, and two barracks, one of which is inclosed, and forms a very good stable; there are likewise two orchards of bearing trees. The second and third are fifty acre lots, and join each other; they are partly improved, well timbered, and in good fence.—The said lots are situated on the main road, and are only separated from the first, by a piece of land of about three chains in breadth. The first and second lot will be put up together, with a lot of salt meadow.

Any person inclining to purchase the said lots, before the day of sale, may apply to *JEREMIAH STANTON.*

A WOMAN with a good breast of milk, who can be well recommended, is willing to take a gentleman's child to nurse in her house: enquire of the printer. 61-64.

TO BE SOLD at private Sale, and a good Title given by the Subſcriber.

A Small Farm, lying on the North-River, about 6 Miles from New-York, at a place called the Bull's Ferry in Bergen County, where is a convenient Landing-Place.—There is on the Farm, a Dwelling-Houſe, a Barn and a Barracks, with 6 Acres of choice Meadow.——For further Particulars, inquire of JOHN ETSEL in Engliſh Neighbourhood or of the Subſcriber in N. York. 58 WILLIAM DOBBS

A CORNER Houſe and Lot of Ground, to be ſold, near the Baptiſt Meeting, on Golden-Hill, belonging to William Dobbs, now living in the Houſe; for which he will give a good Title. 58—

TO BE LET,

A Convenient brick houſe, of two ſtories, with a ſhop adjoining, and a large yard, at the corner of William and Fair-ſtreet, next door to Mr. Stephen Dewight's, carver, near the Moravian meeting, and horſe and cart-ſtreet; now occupied by doctor Lintner.—Inquire of Andrew Gautier, in prince's-ſtreet, oppoſite to Mr. David Provoſt's. 58 61

STOLEN out of the Houſe of Mrs. JANE SLOAN, in Smith-Street; on Tueſday Evening the 24th Inſtant, the following Goods: One Piece of Scarlet Broad-Cloth, 2 Pieces of Scarlet, 1 Piece of Crimſon, 1 Piece of Yellow, & 1 Piece of 2 Yards wide black, Flanels: Any Perſon who will diſcover the above Goods, or the Perſon that has taken them, ſhall be handſomely rewarded for their Pains, by JANE SLOAN.

N. B. If the above Goods, or any of them are offered to Sale, they are deſired to be ſtopped on Suſpicion. 60-63

THE SUBSCRIPTION CONCERT, to begin this and every Evening during the Seaſon, exactly at Half paſt Six o'Clock. As many Gentlemen were not to be found at Home when they were waited on with the Subſcription Book, Mr. HULETT acquaints them, that he will wait on them on the leaſt Notice.

January 22, 1767. 55-59

TO be SOLD, at Fluſhing on Long-Iſland,——About 18 Acres of Land, with a Dwelling Houſe, and a Barn, within three Quarters of a Mile from the Landing, with a very good Orchard and ſome Wood-Land; the ſaid Place is pleaſantly ſituated on the Road that leads from Fluſhing to Jamaica: Any Perſon that has a Mind to Purchaſe the ſame, may apply to *JAMES PARSONS*, at New-York, or to *FRANCIS YATES*, on the Premiſes. 58 61

RED and white PORT, very excellent in Pipes, Hogſheads, and Quarter-Caſks, to be ſold by CHARLES NICOLL, at the White-Hall. 26.

WANTED,

To tend a Forge in Virginia, a Finer, who underſtands his Buſineſs, and can be well recommended. Such a one may hear of Encouragement, by inquiring of the Printer at the Exchange. 40.

To be Let, from the Firſt of May, 1767.

THE Houſe fronting the Great-Dock, wherein PETER LOW, now lives; it is well ſituated for Buſineſs: On the Rear of the Lot oppoſite Major CARY's, is a Store Houſe, with a large Oven, and conveniencies for the Baking Buſineſs: Inquire of the Widow FRANCES MOORE. 60-63

TO BE SOLD,

A Plantation very well improved, containing 312 acres of of good land, deem'd to be ſome of the beſt in the parts, well watered, timbered and fenced; lying at a place called Squancom, in the townſhip of Shrewſbury, and the county of Monmouth, New-Jerſey; the up lands afford good paſturage, as well as grain of all ſorts peculiar to the clime; the meadows abound with graſs of all the kinds for fodder, and in ſeaſon may be cut thereon enough to winter one hundred head of cattle, whilſt more may be improved to the ſame advantage; (to this may be added the beneſit of thouſands of acres of land, and meadows for ſummer range, which it is likely will not be improved in one century.) On it is a ſaw mill with two ſaws, ſeated on one of the beſt and moſt plentiful ſtreams in the province, which never fails in the greateſt drought, to which may be eaſily added, a griſt or fulling mill, or both, as there is plenty of water, in a growing part of the country, which increaſes its inhabitants; lands daily riſing in value, and huntſman's toil paid with the beſt of veniſon, wild turkies and other game. It is conveniently ſeated for a ſhop-keeper, as there is none within 10 miles to ſupply a thick ſettled and growing part of the country. On the ſame is two tenements, beſides a mill houſe for the ſawyer, a good large barn, a bearing young orchard yeilding 50 barrels of cyder, from the beſt of grafted fruit, with a variety of other fruit trees. For further patriculars enquire of Doctor Richard Stillwell in Middletown, or the Subſcriber, living on the premiſſes, by whom a good and indiſputable title will be given or made to any purchaſer.

OBEDIAH WORTHLEY.

Shrewſbury, Feb. 1, 1767. 60-66.

To be Let, and enter'd upon the firſt of March next,

A Lot of about 7 Acres of Ground, in the Bowry, fit for a Gentleman's Seat, or a Gardiner. Likewiſe to be ſold, a Negro Wench about 26 Years of Age: Inquire of *MANGLE MINTHORNE*, in Broad-Street. 58

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS there has been a Grammar School kept at Hackenſack this Year paſt; in which the learned Languages are taught with Accuracy and Care, and Youth qualified to enter any of the American Colleges: And as ſeveral Gentlemen of New-York, and other Places, have hitherto entruſted me with the Education of their Sons; and as I hope my Inſtructions will afford general Satisfaction, I intend to continue the School at the Place aforeſaid; and alſo to ſupply myſelf with an able Aſſiſtant, in order to encourage all ſuch Gentlemen as are diſpoſed to favour the Undertakings of me the Subſcriber.

A conſtant and faithful Attendance ſhall be given; the beſt Method of Inſtruction attended to; good Diſcipline exerciſed, and nothing neglected that will be advantageous to the Youth, either as to their Morals or Education.

The Place is well ſituated, and very healthy; the Neighbourhood very commodious for accommodating Lodgers; and particular Care will be taken to provide all Things neceſſary and comfortable for them.—The Expence of Boarding and Tuition, will be as cheap as can be deſired.

All Perſons inclining to ſend their Sons, may depend upon having Juſtice done them, by the Public's

Moſt humble, and moſt obliged Servant,

STEPHANUS VOORHEES.

N. B. Every Gentleman of Education ſhall be welcome to examine the Youths, and inſpect the Method of Inſtruction

---

TO BE LETT,

And Enter'd upon the 1ſt of May next.

A Two ſtory genteel and convenient Houſe, now Tenanted by Mr. Oudenard, in Little-Queen-Street: for Conditions of Rent apply to John Harris Cruger.

New-York, February 16, 1767. 59 62.

BY order of the honourable Daniel Horſmanden, Eſq; chief juſtice of the ſupreme court of judicature for the province of New-York: Notice is hereby given to Thomas Dods, late of the city of New-York, merchant, and all other whom it may concern, That on application and due proof made, his honour the ſaid chief juſtice, purſuant to the directions of an act of the governor, the council, and the general aſſembly of the colony of New-York, entitled, "An act to prevent frauds in debtors" and of ſeveral other ſubſequent acts, for the continuing and extending the ſame; hath iſſued his warrant, directed to the ſheriff of the city and county of New-York, commanding him to attach, ſeize, and keep in his hands, the whole eſtate, as well real as perſonal of the ſaid Thomas Dods; and unleſs the ſaid Thomas Dods do return and diſcharge his debts within three months after the date of this notice, that all his eſtate ſo ſeized and taken, will be ſold for the ſatisfaction of his creditors New-York, 16th February 1767. 59 62.

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from London, Briſtol, and in the Lord Camden, from Liverpool, & to be ſold, by

GEORGE BALL,

(Who is removed from Cruger's Wharf to Bayard-Street; next Door to Meſſrs. Perry, Hays, and Sherbrook's Store) A general and large Aſſortment of China, Delph, Stone, and Glaſs Wares of all Kinds, very cheap for CASH:

Penciled China.

COMPLETE tea-table ſets
Quart, pint, and half pint Mugs
Sauce Boats, coffee cups
Tea-pot ſtands, large and ſmall tea-pots
Spoon boats, ſugar diſhes
Pint, quart, & two quart bowls
Cream jugs, flower jars, &c:

Burnt China.

Large & ſmall cups and ſaucers
Coffee-cups, tea-pots, and tea-pot ſtands
Pint, quart, & two quart bowls
Chocolate bowls, ſalt Cellars
Muſtard pots, &c.

Blue and white China.

Tureens, ſauce boats, ſalt cellars
Bowls from half pint to two quarts
Coffee-cups, cream jugs, ſugar diſhes, ſpoon boats, tea-pots, and tea-pot ſtands, cups & ſaucers large and ſmall, odd ſaucers, &c.

White quilted and plain

Sugar diſhes, cream jugs, flower jars, &c.

White Stone Ware.

Table ſets of oblong diſhes complete
Plain plates, ſauce boats
Tureens of ſeveral ſizes, plain & wrought; with a great variety of chocolate bowls and porringers of different patterns
Some new faſhioned ſallad bowls with ſtands
Quart barrel jugs and mugs, very neat
Complete tea-table toys for children; with a great collection of different kinds of birds, beaſts, &c. in ſtone ware, very ornamental for mantle pieces, cheſts of drawers, &c.

Flowered Glaſs.

Decanters grazed Madeira of the neweſt faſhions; pint, half pint, and ale glaſſes, with ſome ſmall enammeled ſhank wine glaſſes, &c.

Double Flint Glaſs.

Decanters, quart, pint, and half pint ale glaſſes, of a new faſhion
Pint Tumblers, ſallad bowls
Bird glaſſes, urinal and breaſt glaſſes, &c.

Single Flint.

Wine glaſſes and tumblers of all kinds
Waſh-hand glaſſes with plates
Patty-pans, jelly glaſſes
Muſtard pots
Sugar diſhes, proof glaſſes, half pint mugs, cream jugs, &c.

Cruet Stands.

Cut glaſs, ſilver tops
Ditto plated, do.
Ivory tops, 4 and 5 glaſſes
Common Lignum vitæ ditto
Cut and plain odd cruets.

Phials.

Crates ſorted
Ditto two ounce
Ditto oz. and half.
Or by the groce and dozen
Gallypots in neſts from 4 pound to a half pound
Ditto, 8 ounce to a half ounce
Velvet corks by the groce
Bottles by the groce or dozen
Briſtol yellow ware
Ditto grindſtones
With a good aſſortment for country ſtores:

JOSEPH SCOTT, jun.

Has imported from London, in the New-York, Captain Lawrence, and Edward, Captain Chambers, and has for Sale, at his Store, oppoſite to Mr. Abraham Lott's, in Smith-Street.

SUPERFINE and middling fine Broadcloths.
large Aſſortment of Strouds.
Kerſey, 6-4, and 7-4 Roſe Blankets.
Dowlas and Oznaburgs.
Iriſh and Ruſſia Sheeting.
Iriſh Linens and Hollands.
Long Lawns, Piſtol & clear do.
Clouting Diaper.
Cambricks and Callicoes.
Linen and Cotton Checks.
Scots Handkerchiefs.
Romalls, Silk Lungees.
Bandannoes, Perſian Taffaties
A fine Aſſortment of Ribbons,
Sewing Silk.
Buttons and Twiſt.
Scots Thread.
Yard wide Stuffs.
Bombazeens and Sattins.
Black Everlaſtings.
Durants.
Dorſetteens.
Camblets.
Ruſſels.
Tammies.
Callimancoes.
Rattinets.
Cravats.
Barcelona Handkerchiefs.
Men's ribb'd Hoſe, Women's South's and Girl's ditto.
White Swanſkin.
Spotted Ermin.
Colcheſter Baize.
Shalloons.
White Linſeys.
Serges.
Buckrams.
Cotton Velvet.
Black Genoa ditto.
Engliſh ditto.
Cutlery, &c.
Horſe Whips.
Hats.
Pewter.
Bohea and Hyſon Teas.
Pepper, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace and Nutmeg.
Dorcheſter Beer.
Scots Snuff.
Window Glaſs.
Faggot Steel.
Fine japan'd 8 Day Clocks.

49-52.

PURSUANT to an order to me directed, I do hereby give notice to the governors of the College of the province of N. York, in the city of New-York, in America: That they are deſired to meet at the houſe of Mr, George Burns, in the Broad-way, on Thurſday the 26th Day of February, inſtant, at four o'clock in the afternoon. Dated February 19, 1767. 59 60 Lambert Moor, Clerk.

WANTED

A parcel of Sea Horſe's Teeth; Whoever has any to diſpoſe of, may hear of a purchaſer by applying to the Printer at the Exchange.

TO BE SOLD,

By *HAYMAN LEVY*,

In BAYARD-STREET.

A parcel of choice Green and old coat Beaver, and Racoon, &c. good Shirts with ſundry other Articles for Soldiers; Germans Linens, Oznabrigs, choice Raiſins in Caſks, Spermaceti Candles by the quantity or ſingle Box, guilt Trunks, ſtriped Callimancoes. A choice parcel of Wampum, with many other Articles for the Indian Trade, beſt Velvet Corks, Whiting, &c. 54, 62.

JOHN DAVAN,

Of the City of New-York, Breeches-maker, informs the Public, THAT he has removed from the Slip-market, to the houſe lately occupied by John Ute, near the Fly-market;—where he continues to make and ſell, all kinds of leather-breeches as uſual——He begs leave to return thanks for the favours he has already received, and hopes for a continuance of his former cuſtomers, to whom it will be his conſtant ſtudy to give ſatisfaction.——New-York, 13th of Feb. 1767.

☞ A good tenement next adjoining the above houſe, to be let, conſiſting of two good rooms, beſides a ſhop, kitchen, and cellar, fit for a tradeſman or ſhop-keeper. 59 62

To be Let, the Firſt of May next,

A Good convenient Dwelling-Houſe, where M Kerby now lives, near the Fly-Market.—Inquire of ABRAHAM DURYEE

Juſt imported from Liverpool, in the Brig Camden, Ship King George,

AN Aſſortment of Cotton and Linen Checks, Furniture do. Cotton and Linen ſtripes, &c. and to be ſold cheap, by

59 62 THOMAS FOGG.

THERE will be a ſtated Meeting of the Hand-in-Hand FIRE COMPANY, the firſt Thurſday in March,—[This Day.]

The Clerk will notify the Place of Meeting, and inſpect the Buckets, Bags, Belts, Hand-Barrows, Baſkets, &c. belonging to each Member, if in good Order and Readineſs for Service.

N. B. The Articles may be had at the Company's Treaſurer's. 59——

City of New-York, February 19, 1767.

MURRAY and SMITH,

HAVE entered into partnerſhip, for carrying on the buſineſs of VINTNERS, and VICTUALLERS, at the Maſons-Arms-Tavern, in the Fields, lately kept by ſaid Smith alone, which is now fitted up in a a very commodious manner; ſtocked with the beſt of wines, and other liquors, as well as neceſſaries of every kind, for the genteel reception and agreeable entertaiment of all ſuch gentlemen who may pleaſe to favour them with their commands. As ſaid Murray hath for a long time carried on the ſame buſineſs in the moſt reputable manner, and had the pleaſure to ſerve the beſt of company, He, with ſaid Smith, will uſe their utmoſt endeavours to give general ſatisfaction, and keep the ſaid houſe with the ſame good reputation, as in the time of their predeceſſor Mr John Jones.

☞ Breakfaſting every morning till eleven,—tea and coffee all hours of the day, and a very convenient room for large entertainments. 59 62

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertiſements of a moderate Length are inſerted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after.

SUPPLEMENT to the NEW-YORK JOURNAL,

OR GENERAL ADVERTISER,—NUMB. 1261.

THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1767.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

WE hear that on Tuesday and Wednesday a deputation from the committee of Millers, Mealmen, &c. waited on the principal Nobility and Gentry in the Administration, with a memorial, praying to have the same bounty allowed on flour as no wheat, to the great benefit of the manufactures of this nation; when they were received with that condescension and attention, which this worthy Administration have ever shewed to the manufacturers of Great-Britain.

It is said that several considerable changes will happen this week, many more than are at present publicly expected, and among them some of the stauncheſt friends to the Royal Family now upon the throne, will be restored to their former employments, and the wishes of the nation.

We hear that the administration, which will soon be altered by a coalition, will be formed on a more probable permanent plan, than has subsisted for many years past: and which will consist of noblemen and gentlemen of the most distinguished rank, fortune, and abilities, in the kingdom; and, to add a lustre and dignity to their measures, we are told, they will be all volunteers, and not accept of any salary or pension, for their services; and that none will be admitted but on those conditions.

Lord Barrington retires with an English Peerage; Colonel Barre succeeds as Secretary at War; Mr. Rigby is to be re-appointed Vice-Treasurer of Ireland, and near twenty changes are expected, in order the better to forward the so much expected coalition.

Dec. 2. Most, if not all, of the resignations mention'd in the public papers have been made, as perhaps some more will be; but we are assured, that the pretended offers made of those employments to others, and their rejections of those offers, are impertinent and groundless falshoods, and of course impositions on the public.

A proposal is now under consideration, for lessening the bounty on wheat to four shillings; allowing that on wheat flour to remain as formerly.

The write from Rochfort, that six regiments of foot had just arrived there, to embark on board two men of war and several transports, for the French settlement of Domingo.

Dec. An almost total change in the present administration is expected to take place soon after the holidays.

The Earls of Shelburne and Egmont are to be created Dukes of Ireland, which is the reason that induced the Marquis of Kildare to accept of that dignity, that he might preserve the precedency of his family as premier Duke; and the rather, as that illustrious house has always enjoyed the precedency of the Irish peerage, he being the 19th Earl of Kildare in a direct succession. His Grace is now premier Duke, Marquis and Earl of Ireland, which is an honour enjoyed by no other peer under the British constitution.

The reason of the Marquis of Lorn's patent for creating him an English peer being expedited with so much diligence in the respective offices, was the sickness of his Grace the Duke of Argyle; for if the Duke had died before his son's creation, the Marquis could not have been received as an English peer, being contrary to the articles of Union between the two kingdoms.

Nine of the unhappy wretches who were confined in Gloucester gaol for riots have received sentence of death. And it was a most lamentable spectacle to hear and see the lamentations and distracted behaviour of their families, who flocked round the Judges carriages when they were leaving the city.

A new treaty of commerce is on the carpet between the courts of London and Lisbon, by which much greater privileges will be granted to the subjects of Great-Brittain, than they enjoyed in consequence of any former treaty.

They write from Berlin, that the Prussian minister at the court of Warsaw, has received orders from the King his master, to act in the affair of the Protestants in Poland, in strict concert with the Russian minister.

Prussian agents are very busy in inlisting men in Hamburgh and several other states on the continent, where great bounties are given to all who will enter that service.

BASSETERRE, in St. Christophers, Jan. 28.

By Captain Dyer, of the Anna Teresa packet, who arrived here on Sunday evening last, we have advice, that on the 28th of December last, a brig bound to Barbados from Newfoundland, run ashore on Needham's Point, off Bridgetown, and was entirely lost. The Captain further informs us, that an insurrection of the Negroes has happened at the island of Grenada, where a body of them, to the number of six or seven hundred, who had chiefly deserted the French inhabitants, had taken possession of some inaccessiable mountains, from whence they made frequent sallies, and committed several devastations upon their masters, many of whom they had killed. When Captain Dyer came away Gen. Melvil had sent a party of 40 men, with one cohorn, to endeavour to suppress them, but with what success he had not time to learn.

Province of New-Jersey, December 3, 1766.

WHEREAS a Law was passed in New-Jersey the 20th of June 1765, appointing Commissioners to run out straight public Roads through said Province, between New-York and Philadelphia, and empowering them to raise a Sum of Money by a public Lottery. not exceeding £.500, towards defraying the Charge thereof; accordingly a Lottery was thereupon soon after set on Foot, but from the troubled State of Affairs at that Time, occasioned by the Stamp Act, the Proceedings of the said Lottery were delayed; but as it is apprehended that the salutary Purpose might now be effected, the Managers therein appointed have thought fit for that End, to revive the following Scheme of a Lottery, to consist of 2222 Tickets, at 4 Dollars each; 662 of which are to be fortunate as follows:

1	*Prize of Dollars,*	750	is *Dollars,*	750
1		500		500
1		250		250
1		200		200
3		100		300
6		50		300
12		40		480
20		30		600
30		20		600
100		10		1000
485		8		3880
1	*first Drawn*	14		14
1	*last Drawn*	14		14
662	*Prizes,*			
1560	*Blanks,*			
2222	*Tickets, at*	4 *Dollars each, are*		8888 £.3333

From which a Deduction of 15 per Cent. is £.499 19 0, and is proposed to be drawn on the first Tuesday in April next, at Perth-Amboy, or sooner if full: The fortunate Numbers are to be printed in the New-York *and* Pennsylvania Papers, *as soon as possible after the Drawing, which will be directed by John Stevens, James Parker of Perth-Amboy; John Wetherill of the Township of New-Brunswick; Daniel Ellis of Burlington, and John Edwards of Bordentown, who are appointed Managers and Commissioners for the Road leading from the Ferry-house, opposite Perth-Amboy, to Burlington; and John Berrien, of Rocky-hill; Daniel Coxe, of Trentown; Azariah Dunham, of New-Brunswick; Ephraim Terrill, and Abraham Clark, jun. of Elizabeth-Town; who are likewise appointed Managers, and Commissioners for the Road leading from Newark and Elizabeth-Town, to Trenton and Borden Town agreeable to said Act; and are to be under Oath for the due and impartial Performance of their Duties.*

The shortening and improving the public Roads through this Province, will be a great Advantage to the commercial Interest and general Convenience of the Inhabitants thereof, as well as a very general Advantage to the Neighbouring Provinces, particularly to Pennsylvania and New-York; and as it is the first Thing of the Kind that has been attempted on the Continent, it is not doubted but every public spirited Person in this, as well as the Neighbouring Provinces, will generously contribute to an Undertaking, tending so greatly to the Advantage and Ease of Men of Business and Pleasure; as it is judged the Distance between New York and Philadelphia will be shorten'd 12 or 15 Miles, and the Roads all made more passable and convenient for Travellers in the Winter Season than the Present.

Tickets are to be had of Daniel Ellis of Burlington, Daniel Coxe of Trenton, James Parker of Perth-Amboy, and Abraham Clark, jun. of Elizabeth-Town, and of all the other Managers in Jersey, at their respective Dwellings.

For the good of the PUBLIC.
Just publish'd and to be sold at the Printing-Office at the Exchange,
(*Price One Shilling.*)

A SURE GUIDE TO HELL,

By *BEELZEBUB.*
The Sixth Edition with NOTES.

THE Creditors of Abraham Sebring of the City of New-York, an Insolvent Debtor, are desired to leave their Accounts properly proved, at the House of James Cebra, before the 19th Day of May next, when a dividend will be made of what Effects are come to the Hands of,

New-York, February 19, 1767. } Daniel Stiles, James Cebra } Assignees.
59 62

OTTO PARISIEN,

GOLD-SMITH,
Opposite Mr. Depeyster's, at Peck's-Slip:

MAKES all Sorts of Plate, plain and chas'd; he intends to follow this last Branch particularly, if encouraged: Gentlemen and Ladies, who will Favour him with their Custom, in having their Plate chas'd, may have it done after any Pattern given him, at reasonable Rates. 59 62

TO BE SOLD, or LET,—A very fine farm, pleasantly situated on a public road, lying in Dutchess-county, and province of New-York, being part of lot No. 10, on the Oblong; containing 230 acres more or less, whereof about 120 is good meadow ground, lying in one body, on the east-side of Croton's-river; 40 acres is cleared, and yielded last year seventy tons of the best English hay; the rest under suitable improvement, will produce a much larger quantity: there is 50 acres of plough land cleared and within fence; the remainder is pasture and woods, the buildings are two dwelling-houses and a large barn all new; there are also 14 acres of wheat in the ground in fence; it lies near the Revd. Mr. Kent's meeting-house, and Simeon Ryder's mills, in a populous country, and good neighbourhood.—Whoever inclines to purchase may apply to Thomas Clarke, at Greenwich, near New-York, or to Moss Kent, Esq: near the premises: there is also for sale, a Negro man, a complete farmer, brought up in New-England, aged 24 years, has had the small-pox, is sober, honest, industrious and ingenious; has lived some time with a wheel-wright, and is handy at keeping carriages in repair. Inquire of Thomas Clarke.

STATEN-ISLAND, February 6, 1767.

To the PUBLICK.

THE subscriber intending to remove to New-York, will dispose of the ferry and farm that he now lives on (being on the East end of Staten-Island) by way of publick auction, on Thursday the 19th day of March next: The many conveniencies, with the pleasantness of the situation of this place, would take up too much for an advertisement, to point out the whole of them; so shall be content to mention a few of the particulars. In regard to a ferry, it is the best situated on the Island, as the boats can go and come from New-York with most winds, and but one tide to encounter with, which is of great ease to the passengers, and is the reason that it is more frequented than any of the rest of the ferries; it has also a considerable run for carrying passengers to Long-Island, which brings in a handsome yearly income. Most of the shipping that goes out of New-York, anchors just opposite the door, being the anchoring-ground for the watering place, which makes it not only very pleasant, but of considerable advantage to the place, in carrying the passengers and ships crews backwards and forwards to New-York: It also occasions a great run to the house, which is the very sinew of a tavern. The boats that attend this ferry, are often employed to run down to the Hook, with dispatches for vessels that may be there; and the men of war which often lie here, employ them to bring their ship's stores, &c. from New-York. There is an excellent dock for the conveniency of the boats; and the best roads on the island are from this place to Amboy, the old and new Blazing-Star, and Elizabeth-Town Point. The ferry and twenty acres of land will be sold by itself: There are also sixty more, with a sufficient quantity of wood land on it, will be sold with the rest or separately, as it may best suit the purchaser. On the twenty acres that belong to the ferry, twenty tons of choice English hay having been cut this season, and as much more may be cut in a short time, with very little expence. There is plenty of pasture, a good barn, stable and two other out houses, all on the above mentioned lot. The situation of the place is extremely pleasant, the house standing on a rising ground, which commands an agreeable prospect of the city of New-York on one side, and the narrows on the other: The garden that is before the door, is laid out in a pretty taste, and has been lately railed in and painted in the handsomest manner. There is great plenty of fish, and game in the proper seasons to be had at this place. It is a delightful situation for a gentleman, and it has all the conveniency that is requisite for a ship carpenter: It is also well situated for a farmer, the land being rich, well cleared and drained. The whole farm is under good new fence, and great advantage may be made by gardening, being only nine miles from New-York market.

Whoever purchases the whole, will have a great advantage in saving their pasture, as there is a fine out-let and shore for grazing. Any person inclining to purchase the above premises before the day of sale, may come and view them, and know the conditions of sale, by applying to the Owner, JOHN WATSON.

☞ *At the same time there will be sold, three very good boats, which are now in good repair, and well calculated for the conveniency of the ferry. Also, a genteel covered waggon, a curricle, with a good pair of Horses, a fine breeding mare, with other horses, cows, hogs, and many other articles too tedious to mention.*

A likely negro fellow, can be well recommended for a coachman and hostler; and a sober honest young wench, can be recommended as a good cook, to be sold at private sale. 58 63.

Imported and to be sold Wholesale and Retail by

EDWARD LAIGHT,

Opposite the Hon. William Walton's, Esq; for Cash or short Credit;

A Neat and general assortment of ironmongery and cutlary, such as pit, mill and cross cut saws, hand, tenon, sash and pannel ditto; eyed shovels and spades, front and inside door locks, chest locks, hinges and handles; raised joint and common H & IL hinges; brass scales and scale beams; brass and iron wire; bright balcony and shutter bolts; clouts, brads, tacks and tenter hooks of all sorts; cotton and clothiers cards; files, rasps, augers and chizels; Dutch tea kettles; common and chamber bellowses; Ware's best Scotch snuff; refined and bloomery iron; 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. and 24d. nails: 7 by 9, 8 by 10 and 9 by 12 glass: and many other articles too tedious to mention.—Also oil, blubber and leather as usual, and all the necessary articles belonging to the currying business. 37.-- (t.b.c.)

TO BE SOLD,
In the Township of Bedminster, County of Somerset and Province of New-Jersey;

A Lot of Land, lately the Property of Jeremiah Bright, containing about 210 Acres, 70 or 80 of which are already cleared fit for Tillage, 20 or 30 Acres are improved Meadow, and as many more may be made: The Remainder of the Tract is good Timber Land. On the Farm is a good Stone House of two Stories, a Barn, and other out-Houses, and a bearing Orchard of 150 Apple Trees; it is all in good Fence, and a fine lively Stream runs thro' the whole: Inquire of John Barberie, Stephen Skinner, or John Johnston, at Perth-Amboy, who will give on indisputable Title for the same, with easy Terms of Payment, in which good Bonds will be taken 57 60

THE Creditors of John Keating, of the City of New-York, Merchant, an insolvent Debtor, are desired to leave their Accounts properly proved, at the Office of Hugh and Alexander Wallace, before the first Day of April next; when a Dividend will be made, of what Effects are come to the Hands of

PETER REMSEN, CHARLES M'EVERS, HUGH WALLACE. } Assignees.

New-York, February 2, 1767. 57 60

A few Packs of

CHOICE BEAVER,

TO BE SOLD,

By George Folliott, & Co.

TO BE SOLD, at PUBLIC OUTCRY, on Wednesday the first Day of April next, at the Merchant's Coffee-House in this City,

THE Snuff-Mill, out-Houses, and Utensils thereunto belonging, situate near the Wind-Mill, in the Out-Ward of this City, (it is upon leased Ground, of Eighty Years to come,)—Also a Frame for a Store-House, and three Mill-Horses; the Works are now going, and can be seen at any Time before the Day of Sale.—Also a Parcel of choice Scotch Snuff in Bladders, Rappee and other Snuff in Bottles, to be sold by FREDERICK SIGESMONTS LENTZ, at his House in Little Queen-Street, and at the aforesaid Snuff-Mill. 57 60 *New-York, February 5, 1767.*

JOYCE's Great WOUND BALSAM.

Which by it's surprising Efficacy, cures all Manner of Wounds, if curable; at the first Dressing sometimes, if recent and not dangerous; if nervous and seemingly dangerous, three, four, or six Dressings puts the Wound out of Danger, and quickly heals.——The Method of using this Balsam, is, to wash the Wound with warm Wine or Spirits, then pour some Balsam into it, and close the Lips by Bandage, stitch, or otherwise; a Pledgit of Lint, over the Wound, dipt in the Balsam, a Compress, and so bound up.

IT is excellent in the Cure of the most inveterate Ulcers, and Fistulas, altho' of long standing, by anointing and injecting into the Canals and Sinus's It softens and takes away almost all Manner of Swellings, and Bruises, and scatters coagulated Blood.——Those that are affected with swelled Jaws, arising from the Tooth-Ach, Heat and Inflammation of the Gums, are immediately cured by anointing the Part with warm Balsam, and laying a Flannel Cloth over.—For a Cough or Cold, it is a great Corrector, by taking twenty or thirty Drops, mixed with a Tea Spoon full of Sperma Ceti, in a Morning, and at Night, going to Bed.—With many other Virtues too tedious to mention.—All those who try will find it to stand its Character.

——Price Four Shillings per Phial, with Directions.

To be sold at Captain Kossler's, at York Ferry, Long-Island; at Samuel Kempton's Tin Shop, Rotten-Row, near the Coffee-House; at Mr John Devan's, near the Old-Slip-Market; at Mr. Edward Joyce's Shop, near the Ferry, Long-Island, and at the Printer's, at the Exchange; and no where else.

N. B. Captain Kossler, and several others, can give its due Character, by Experience. 58 61

STOLEN or strayed, on the 24th of January last, from the Subscriber, living in Huntington, Suffolk-County, Long-Island; a large brown Horse, about 14 and a half Hands high, well fit every Way, and has a large Wen between his right Ear and Eye.—Whoever takes up said Horse and conveys him to the Owner, shall have THREE DOLLARS Reward, and all reasonable Charges paid by 57 60 JOSEPH SMITH.

Thomas Bridgen Attwood,

HAS imported by the last Vessels from London, a fresh and general Assortment of Drugs and Medicines, which he will Sell at the very lowest Prices, wholesale and retale, at his Store in Broad-Street; where, as he gives constant Attendance himself, Family Prescriptions will be carefully made up, Country Orders punctually executed, and the Favours duly acknowledged.

☞ The most approved patented Medicines, warranted genuine, from the Original Warehouses. 47 (tcf)

A Great Variety of Books and Stationary Ware, to be sold at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.

TO BE SOLD,

By us the subscribers, executors of Edward Hill, late of Bensalem in the county of Bucks and province of Pennsylvania, all the real estate of the said Hill, consisting of the following lots or tracts of land, with the improvements thereon, viz.

1st. A Tract of land, situate in Bensalem aforesaid, on which the Red Lion inn is situate, with good stables and every thing necessary for the accommodation of travellers, and two good bearing orchards thereon, containing 100 acres more or less. The said inn and plantation is now under a parole lease for two years to come, from the first day of March next, at 60l. per annum.

2d. A small lot of 4 acres of ground, with a small tenement thereon, situate in Dublin Township, near Penny-Pack Bridge.

3d. Another small lot of 12 acres, with a stone tenement thereon, about one mile from Frankford Bridge, in the corner of the road leading to Bristol, and the road leading to Oxford.

4th. Another tract of land, situate on the river Delaware in the said Township of Bensalem, bounded on the said river Delaware by lands of Septimus Robinson, Esq: and others, containing 100 acres. A very fine situation for a gentleman's country seat.

5th. Another tract of land, situate in the said Township of Bensalem, adjoining a road leading to the river Delaware, the land of John Kidd, the aforesaid river, and lands of Joseph Jackson and the widow Williamson, containing 17½ acres, strict measure.

6th. Also one other tract of land, situate in Bensalem aforesaid, adjoining a piece of land belonging to the Proprietors, and lands now in the possession of the widow Williamson, upon the aforesaid road leading to the river Delaware, then up the said river to the place of beginning, containing about 115 acres, strict measure. On which a ferry is now kept over the river to Fenamore's landing, within three miles of Burlington, formerly called Dunck's ferry, with a good house thereon.

Any person or persons, having an inclination to purchase either or any of the said described tracts, pieces, or parcels of land by applying to either of the subscribers, executors of the said estate, may know the conditions of sale.

SARAH HILL,
JOHN KIDD,
JOHN DE NORMANDIE,
RICHARD GIBBS.

57 68

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after.